# Installation, Service Instructions and Parts List for TENV/ IP54 Electromagnetic Super-Mod<sup>®</sup> and Tor-ac<sup>™</sup> Super-Mod<sup>®</sup> Clutches and Clutch-Brakes *SM-1020/1040 Series 210/250*

(SM 2030B/3040B Foot/Base Mounted)

## Important

Please read these instructions carefully before installing, operating, or servicing your Stearns clutch, brake or clutch-brake. Failure to comply with these instructions could cause injury to personnel and/or damage to property if the unit is installed or operated incorrectly. For definition of limited warranty/liability, contact Rexnord Industries, LLC., Stearns Division, 5150 S International Dr., Cudahy, Wisconsin 53110,(414) 272-1100.

OEM's and subsystem suppliers, please forward these instructions with your components to the final user.

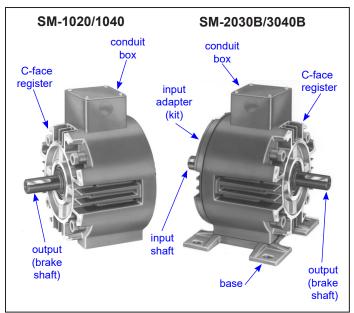
### Caution

- 1. Servicing shall be in compliance with applicable local safety codes including Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA). All wiring and electrical connections must comply with the National Electric Code (NEC) and local electric codes in effect.
- 2. To prevent an electrical hazard, disconnect power source before working on the clutch, brake or clutch-brake. If power disconnect point is out of sight, lock disconnect in the *off* position and tag to prevent accidental application of power.
- 3. Be careful when touching the exterior of an operating unit. Allow sufficient time to cool before disassembly. Surface may be hot enough to be painful or cause injury.

# **General Description**

The Super-Mod Clutch-Brakes are designed to NEMA standards and can be mounted onto a C-face motor or between a C-face motor and a C-face gear reducer. A conduit box provides for the electrical connections protection.

This product is a power-on design; both clutch and brake require



nameplate rated voltage to engage. Power must be separately applied to either the clutch coil or brake coil.

The Stearns Super-Mod series incorporates a Stearns gap feature that provides consistent de-energized armature-to-frictionface air gap. While the Stearns gap feature is desirable in most applications, the SM Series product can be ordered without auto gap for very soft starts and/or stops achieved through under voltage energenization of the coil.

#### Installation of SM-1020/1040 Units

- 1. The SM-1020/1040 Series Clutch-Brakes are supplied with a special keyed-drive hub bore. Check to be sure that the key is firmly in position. Remove the set screw access plug and check that the drive hub set screws are backed out sufficiently to clear the shaft.
- Position and align the SM-1020/1040 to allow the drive hub to slide onto the motor shaft. **Do not use force.** (If the drive hub will not slide freely onto the motor shaft, polish the shaft and/or keyway until a smooth slip fit is achieved.) Slide the SM-1020/ 1040 onto the motor shaft until the C-face flanges meet.
- 3. After mating the C-face flanges, insert the four tie bolts (supplied) and alternately finger tighten, then torque as follows:

Mounted between a motor and a gearbox:

34 lb-ft - SM-210 and SM-250

Mounted to a motor with a pulley or sprocket on the unit's output shaft:

- 51 lb-ft SM-210 and SM-250
- 4. Tighten the drive hub set screws, using the proper size hex wrench (wrench provided with new unit) to 150 lb-in.

**Note A:** The drive hub set screws are accessible through access hole. Replace the plug after tightening the set screws.

**Note B:** Set screw alignment can be accomplished by rotating the keyed motor shaft and drive hub. A flashlight will help in finding the two set screws as the motor shaft is rotated. Be sure the hex wrench (allen key) is fully inserted into the set screws during tightening.

The SM unit/motor assembly is now complete. At this point the output or brake shaft can be mounted into a C-face gear reducer or have any other power transmission element such as a pulley, chain sprocket, or coupling device mounted onto it.

**Note C:** Maximum overhung load capacity for the shaft is 85 lbs. For loads beyond this rating, consult factory or bearing standards. Overhung capacity is based on ISO standards at 50,000 hours continuous operation at 1750 rpm with force 1/2" (13mm) from end of shaft.

**Note D:** Stearns Super-Mod units are pre-burnished at the factory prior to shipment. Oxidation due to long shelf may cause a lower then rated torque on initial start-up. Unit torque will redevelop during the first 30-50 cycles under load.

#### Gear reducer mounting

5. Position and align the SM-1020/1040 brake shaft into the hollow

shaft coupling in the gear reducer. Slide the assembly into the gear reducer until the C-face flanges meet.

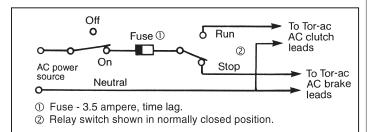
**Note E:** Grease or anti-seize compound should be used on the brake shaft to aid in assembly and disassembly of the drive train and help prevent fretting corrosion.

**Note F:** See the *Gear Reducer Instructions* for more complete information.

6. Bolt the SM-1020/1040 unit to the reducer flange. (Bolts usually furnished with the gear reducer.) Torque these bolts to the manufacturer's specifications.

#### **Electrical Connection(s)**

The voltage to be applied is determined by the rating on the nameplate.



A common way to provide control voltage for a unit is to use a full wave rectifier control. Connection diagrams provided with these rectifiers will depict the proper electrical connections. Due to technical advances in electronics, many rectifier controls with a 115 Vac, 60 Hz input are able to deliver an output of approximately 103 Vdc when connected to a coil. This is not harmful to a 90-100 Vdc rated coil in a clutch or brake.

For Stearns Tor-ac units, the AC input leads of the Tor-ac module should be connected as shown in Figure 2. *Figure 2* 

### Start Up

**Note:** Due to shipping and handling, it is possible for armatures to shift on the splined hub and not pull in against the friction face.

With the motor de-energized, proceed as follows:

- Apply full rated voltage to the clutch or brake coil and observe armature movement *Figure 3* (.025-.035 inch).
- 2. If armature is not free to move, insert a screwdriver through the access hole in the conduit box and gently pry the armature (at outer base of self-adjust plate) toward the friction face until the armature is free to pull in. See Figure 3. It may be necessary to rotate the armature 120° at

a time to pry the armature forward.

**Note:** Do not insert screwdriver all the way to the splines or pry from the outer surface of the self-adjust plate.

- 3. Install hole cover into or over the access hole in the conduit box before putting the Super-Mod into service.
- 4. It may be necessary to initially move the armature away from the friction surface. Try to establish a .010 to .020 air gap as the output shaft is rotated.

#### SM-2030B/3040B

The basic 1020 or 1040 modules can be easily converted to 2030B or 3040B style modules by the addition of a base and an input adapter.

The shaft extensions provide the means of mechanically connecting the unit to the drive and driven elements in the system, by means of direct coupling, sheaves, sprockets, or other pulley and belt combinations. When using a coupling, follow that manufacturer's alignment procedures. See Note C for overhung load capacity.

#### Maintenance

The SM Clutch-Brake is designed so as to require a minimum amount of attention during the wear life of the unit.

#### **Troubleshooting for Clutch-Brakes**

**Note:** If DC voltage is measured without the coil being connected, a misleadingly high reading results due to a capacitor in the arc suppression network used with the rectifier.

#### A. Overheating or coil burned-out

- 1. Check ambient temperature. Is it above 40°C? Consult factory for assistance.
- 2. Check thermal capacity of unit versus actual heat dissipation requirements. See Catalog 500 for specifications.
- 3. Check voltage supply as close to coil as feasible. Compare to nameplate data, if incorrect apply proper voltage.

For Tor-ac units, check voltage supply as close to the Tor-ac module as possible. If this value is not between 105-125 Vac for the 115 Vac Tor-ac and 208-240 Vac for the 230 Vac Tor-ac

Model	24-28 Vdc Coil Resistance ohms (	90-100 Vdc and 115/230 Vac Tor-ac Coil Resistance (nominal value)
SM-210	38	589
SM-250	15	237

(if variable voltage input is not being used), correct the voltage source and replace burned-out parts.

 Is coil resistance correct? Resistance of the 90-100 Vdc coils and Tor-ac coils are tabulated in Table 1. For others, contact factory.

#### Table 1 Clutch/brake coil resistance

 Start time or stop time on clutch-brakes normally should not exceed 1 second. If excessive, recheck torque rating versus load characteristics.

#### B. Loss of torque

- 1. Check all items above.
- Check for oil/grease on friction elements. If this is found, replacement is recommended of complete unit or affected elements.
- 3. Are control (limit) switches operating properly and set in proper place? A switch malfunction may appear to be loss of torque.
- 4. Unit worn excessively? Replace unit or worn parts.

#### C. Fuse in DC power supply blows

- 1. Never use a higher rated fuse; always use a slo-blow type fuse.
- 2. Check resistance of coil(s), if shorted, replace magnet body and coil assembly.

Check for grounded lead wire(s) between coil and power supply. If grounded, correct problem. In above, correct problem before installing a new fuse.

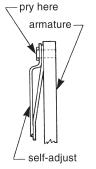
 If cause was not found in Step 2 above, check rectifier bridge by removing all loads and replacing fuse. If fuse blows when AC is applied to rectifier, bridge is shorted. Replace bridge if feasible or discard control and replace.

#### D. Fuse in line before Tor-ac module blows

- 1. Never put in a higher rated fuse than suggested or replace with a slo-blow or time delay fuse.
- Check the Tor-ac module by removing all loads (disconnect from the coil and insulate output leads), and replace the fuse. If the fuse now blows when AC power is applied, the module is defective or damaged. Replace the module after locating the cause of damage.

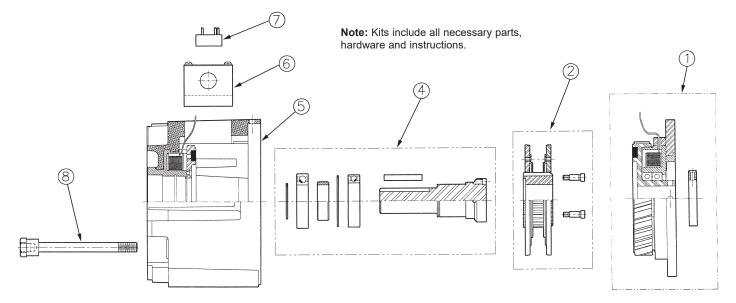
#### E. Unit fails to engage

See Items under A, B, C and D of the Troubleshooting Section.



# SM-1020 Clutch-Brake

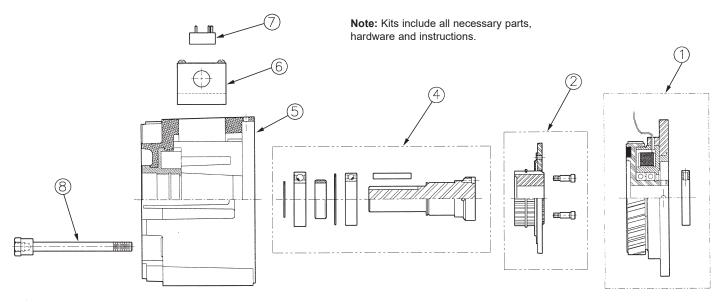
(see next page for SM-1040 Clutch)



# Components for SM-1020 Clutch-Brake

Item	Description	Part Number
1	Clutch/rotor assembly kit	Replace SM
2	Armature and hub kit	Replace SM
4	Output shaft and bearing kit	Replace SM
5	Housing kit with brake coil assembly	Replace SM
6	Conduit box kit	Replace SM
7	Tor-ac kit (115 volt) Tor-ac kit (230 volt)	Replace SM
8	Tie bolts	Replace SM

# SM-1040 Clutch



#### Components for SM-1040 Clutch

Item	Description	Part Number
1	Clutch/rotor assembly kit	Replace SM
2	Armature and hub kit	Replace SM
4	Output shaft and bearing kit	Replace SM
5	Housing kit	Replace SM
6	Conduit box kit	Replace SM
7	Tor-ac kit (115 volt) Tor-ac kit (230 volt)	Replace SM
8	Tie bolts	Replace SM



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