

EXCESSIVE DISC WEAR

Cause	Correction
Air Gap	
Low solenoid air gap	Reset air gap (refer to Brake Series Instruction Sheet)
Disc pack dragging	Inspect endplate, hub and discs for dirt, burrs, wiring and other sources of interference preventing disc "float"
Pinion teeth excessively worn (Self Adjusting Brake Series only)	Replace lever arm/pinion assembly
Cycle Rate	
Brake "jogging" exceeding coil cycle rate	Reduce cycle rate or consider alternate control method
Thermal capacity is being exceeded	Reduce cycle rate, use alternate control method or increase brake size
Alignment	
Brake endplate not concentric to motor C-Face	Motor register must be within .004" on concentricity; consult motor manufacturer
Motor shaft runout is excessive	Must be within .002" runout. Consult motor manufacturer
Brake is being operated on an incline greater than 15° above or below horizontal	Vertical separator springs must be used to prevent discs from becoming cocked
Worn Parts	
Endplate, stationary disc or pressure plate warped or worn unevenly	Replace warped or worn component
Linkages and/or pivot pins worn	Replace all worn components
Motor shaft endfloat excessive	Endfloat must not exceed .020"; consult motor manufacturer
Hub	
Burr on hub interfering with disc "float"	File off burr
Set screw backed out and interfering with disc	Retighten set screw use Loctite® 242 to help secure
Miscellaneous	
Solenoid plunger not pulling in completely	Check line voltage (±10% of nameplate rating) or replace worn solenoid assembly
Wiring is restricting disc pack movement	Re-route wiring
Excessive stop times (2 seconds or greater)	Increase brake size/torque or use alternate control method
High Ambient temperature (in excess of 110°F)	Reduce cycle rate or use alternate method of cooling

Consult factory (414) 277-4328 if you need further assistance.